# Writing an Introduction

# BUS 230: Business Research and Communication

### Goals and Learning Objectives

- Goal: Learn tips to write an effective introduction to a research paper.
- Learning objective: LO4: Develop the ability to effectively communicate research results both written and orally.

#### Purpose of the Introduction

- 1. Bring the audience from their world to where they need to be.
  - Give them background information to understand the topic you will be addressing.
  - Give them background to understand why this topic is important or interesting.
- 2. State your research question / the purpose of your paper.
- 3. Motivate the paper
  - Provide a rationale for conducting this research project.
  - Convince the reader that the answer your research question this is something important to know.
  - Motivate your work with a review of other research.
- 4. Review relevant literature that puts your research question into context with previous research.
- 5. Briefly outline what will be done in the paper.

## **Good Background Information**

Write only information your reader needs!

- If it is something that is common knowledge, then they don't need it.
- If it is background information you don't need to understand the research question, motivate your work or understand remaining parts of the paper, then they don't need it!
- Don't just add filler!! This is worse than writing nothing.

#### Literature Review

- Dual purpose:
  - 1. Put your research into context with existing research. What is already known about this topic, versus what is your contribution?
  - 2. Motivate your work.
- Do not just list paper after paper in paragraph form. Think about the purpose of each paragraph you write.
- Your literature review should be telling a story about what is known and not known in this field, citing other research papers provides examples for the story.
- Cite in paper using Lastname (YEAR):
  - Murray (2010) finds that living on campus caused students to perform better in school.
  - Herro and Murray (2010) find that uncertainty about monetary policy reduces economic stability.

#### When to Write your Introduction

- Write your introduction last!
  - The introduction needs to set up the whole paper, talk about what is to come, even share the results.
  - The best way to do this is when you already know the what is in the rest of the paper.
- Write your introduction first!
  - This helps you figure out for yourself what you want your paper to accomplish.
  - This helps you figure out why you want to conduct your research.
  - Why might guide how you conduct your research / what methodology you use.
- Harry Shaw once said, "There is no such thing as good writing. There is only good rewriting."
- Roscoe Born once said, "What you have written is only preparation for what you are going to write."

## Other Tips

- Pay special attention to the first sentence
  - But not right away, just get started then re-work this later.
  - Make it something useful!
- Don't make opening too broad.
  - Example, "Our financial system is large and complex..." is too broad an opening for a topic of college students and credit card debt.
- Judge every sentence!
  - Go sentence by sentence and ask, does this need to be here?
  - Would the paper be just as good without it?

#### In-class Exercise

- Find my article on living on campus and academic performance.
- Estimating the effects of dormitory living on student performance http://www.accessecon.com/Pubs/EB/2010/Volume30/EB-10-V30-I1-P81.pdf
- Find the section, "Related Literature"
- There are six paragraphs, each with a point. For each paragraph, summarize the point in a single sentence.
- For each paragraph, what pieces of evidence are used for each point. State the citation and what the paper found.